

KENTUCKY

GAZETTE

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WEDNESDAY,

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July 25, 1798.

[Vol. XI.]

PRINTER TO THE COMMONWEALTH.

THE FRIEND TO PEACE.—No. VI.

THE antipathy of our rulers to the French revolution, and their determined resolution to force us into a war with that nation as well as their strong attachment to the British government, and their desire of forming a close connection with that government, can be proved unquestionably, by their submitting without complaint, to the many injuries done to our citizens by the orders of the British government since the ratification of the British treaty; and by many facts which have not yet been stated, in any of my preceding numbers.

It is universally known, that the British have, contrary to that treaty, captured a great number of our vessels. The president himself admits it to be the case, in an answer which he gave to an address from the inhabitants of Portsmouth in Virginia.

But yet, although it was his duty to lay a state of such matters before congress; and although similar depredations, when committed by the French on our commerce, have been the constant theme of his communications to that body; yet has he never once mentioned to them, the subject of British spoliation. The house of representatives appear to have been actuated by the same principles; for after having taken every step in their power, to plunge this country into a war with France, in consequence of the depredations committed by her on our commerce; they by a majority of 47 to 38 votes, rejected the following resolution which was proposed to them: “Resolved that the president of the United States be requested to cause to be laid before this house, such information as he possesses, respecting the conduct which has been observed by the British government, or by persons acting or pretending to act by or under the authority thereof, towards the neutral rights and commerce of the United States; since the ratification of the subsisting treaty of amity, commerce and navigation”; and the debate in the senate, on the bill “to declare the treaty with France void and of no effect” which was published in the last Kentucky Gazette, puts beyond all doubt, what are their real sentiments on this subject. If there were no sufficient cause for the conduct of our rulers towards France, how can their conduct towards Britain be accounted for; were not the spoliations committed by her orders on our commerce, as injurious to our citizens, as contrary to the treaty, and as inconsistent with the rights of America as an independent nation, as actions of the same kind were, when committed by the orders of the French government? And if the improper conduct of the French in this respect, was a sufficient cause to justify the entering into a war with that nation; why was a similar conduct on the part of Britain, considered by the president and congress, as an improper subject, even for an enquiry.

I have stated in a former number, that the publishing the communications from our late envoys, after the former president had on another occasion, refused to give congress similar information; was a trick practised by the government party, and that it was probably done at the special instance of the present president: his subsequent communications, have put this beyond all doubt. On the 2d. of April the house of representatives called upon the president for his instructions to, and the communications from, our envoys, and he laid them before congress on the 3d. of that month. A letter from the secretary of state to our envoys, containing further instructions, and bearing date

the 23d. of march 1798, has this clause in it: “It is proper to apprise you that a motion has been made in the senate, and will doubtless be repeated in the house of representatives, to defer the president to lay before them your communications; and he will probably be under the necessity of doing it; only, with-holding the two names which you promised should in no event be made publick.” none of the public prints which have reached this country, make any mention of such a motion having been made in the senate; and the president's message, declares, that he laysthe papers before congress “in consequence of the request of the house of representatives” and yet, eleven days before this request was made, he knows that it is to be made, and has determined on the answer he is to give; although the letter from the secretary of the state strongly carries with it the idea, that nothing but compulsion could induce him to comply with the request. Whence that compulsion could have been apprehended, I cannot conceive, when the president in the case of the British treaty, had refused, to comply with such a request, as being unconstitutional; and the house of representatives, had acquiesced in that refusal. The conformity of this communication, when made, at the end of eleven days, after the date of the secretary's letter, to that letter; proves that the whole business had been planned and settled in the cabinet, long before the motion was made in the house of representatives. It contains this clause: “I transmit to both houses the instructions and dispatches from the envoys extraordinary from the United States to the French republic, which were mentioned in my message of the 13th of March last, omitting only some names, and a few expressions descriptive only of the persons.” It is remarkable also, that although the communication was made by the president on the 2d of April, and the instructions which he has now published, were dated on the 23d of March, that he did not lay those instructions before congress. It is true, they were not specially called for, by that body, because they did not know that they had been given; but the president who had then actually given those instructions, if he had intended to have given congress full information on the subject, would have laid them before that body, with the other papers then sent by him; but as these instructions did not breathe, the most pacific disposition, and as they were evidently intended by him, to put an end to the negotiation; it would not have been as safe to lay them before congress, at that time, when he wanted to induce them to come into his war measures; as he has happened it to be, since they have actually adopted those measures.

In the last communication made by the president to congress, after having told them, that he expected the negotiation with the French government was before that time, at an end, he adds, “I will never send another minister to France without assurances, that he will be received, respected and honored, as the representative of a great, free, powerful and independent nation.” And in his answer given to an address from the inhabitants of Washington county, in the state of Maryland, he says; “I shall meet with sincereness, any honorable overtures of that nation, but I shall make no more overtures”—Perpetual war must be the consequence of this resolution; for if this negotiation is at an end, and he will never send another minister until France shall do, what from his present situation, we have very little reason to expect he will do,

there is no prospect of an accommodation taking place. The language used by him in this message, discovers a degree of passion and resentment, unconcerning the chief magistrate of a becoming the chief magistrate of a nation; and when addressed to congress, who, by the constitution, have the sole power of making peace and war, it discovers an intention on his part, to frustrate, as far as was in his power, all attempts to prevent a war. No absolute monarch on earth, could have used, more positive and imperious language, when declaring his intentions to his subjects; than the president has done on this occasion, to the legislature of the United States, to whom the constitution entrusts exclusively, the power of making peace and war. If he discovers such dispositions, now, what may we not expect from him, after congress have delegated a few more unconstitutional powers to him.

The president's answers to many of the addresses presented to him, approving of his conduct, prove his ardor and inclination for war; and in the answers given by him to addresses against a war, he has evidently disapproved his disapprobation of, and his displeasure at, the sentiments they contained. In one of these answers, he says, “If it would answer any good purpose, I would deprecate with you, the horrors of war, with the most anxious solicitude; but, when the finger of HEAVEN points out war as our only resource, it becomes *unmanly to deplore, and unchristian to repine*.” Vain and impious man! are you so puffed up with vanity, and the adulation which has been paid you, as to allude to yourself, part of the attributes of the Deity? Is it *unmanly to deplore*, the misery and wretchedness which are about to overspread our happy land; and the loss of our inestimable liberties? Is it *unchristian to repine* at a war brought upon us by your folly, or wickedness? Before you can persuade us that “the finger of HEAVEN points out war as our only resource,” you must convince us that you have seen the *finger of the hand writing on the wall*, and that you and your *sons*, men, have been able to read and interpret truly, what is there written; otherwise, we shall fear, that your understandings have been blinded, or your hearts hardened, so as not to understand, or obey, what was sent from Heaven to warn you of the miseries and calamities, which your measures are about to bring on your unhappy country.

War, with all its attendant evils, is not the worst which the measures pursued by our rulers, gives us just cause to apprehend. Even their wickedness or folly, could not have induced them to enter into such a measure, unless they had considered the doing of it, as one of the necessary means to obtain their real and favorite object—the destruction of our liberties, and the republican principles in our government. They knew well and experienced it already proved to us, that in times of real or pretended danger, the people would always be willing to give up for a time, those checks which the constitution provides against the abuse of power; and they trusted, that the powers which they should receive during the alarm would enable them to retain them forever afterwards. The giving of unnecessary powers, is the act of a moment; but the recalling of them, can seldom be effected but by great danger, expense and loss of blood. The event has more than justified their expectations; the eagerness with which a great part of the people, and a majority of their representatives, have come into their measures; and the facility with

(See last page.)

Sir,

I have read with an equal degree of astonishment and admiration, the vast plan proposed by that big man, se-nator Tracey.

The extinguishment of the French nation would never have obtruded itself on my poor, shallow imagination as being possible, had not I after reading your useful paper, made some enquiries of my neighbours, who understand politics as well as any men.—they informed me that the great English nation have actually, not only begun this good work, but are at this time five years advanced in the business. How happy I shall be to assist in this great design. I therefore request some of your obliging correspondents to point out how I shall best equip my wife Joan and five small children, with weapons for accomplishing so desirable and humane an event: and to calculate for me, (as I am no scholar,) when I may reasonably look for these our pious wishes being consummated:—calculating by the progress the British have made in the last five years.

DARBY.

CHARLESTON, June 25.

Arrived ship *Cornelia Eleonora*, Wussecken, Bourdeaux 60 days.

The English vessels of war had captured so many of the French privateers, and so many of the American vessels had been restored that were captured, and heavy costs adjudged against the captors, that the armateurs or owners, were disengaged, and it was tho't that privateering would be abandoned.

The reports at Bourdeaux when captain Wussecken failed, were, that Gen. Buonaparte was at Brest: that fourteen hundred gun-boats were collected there: that fifty thousand men had already embarked; and that the descent on England would be attempted in four or five weeks after the 23d of April. Four hundred of the gun-boats it was said, were calculated to throw shells.

Verbal accounts gathered from this vessel, say, that the Toulon fleet, consisting of the Venetian vessels, and those which were in Toulon, had joined the fleet at Brest; that on their way, they had appeared off Madeira, where they destroyed a number of fishing vessels, and some English ships; that a number of French privateers had fallen in with 28 sail of Jamaica men, and captured the whole;

six of the prizes had arrived at the Cordovan, when the *Cornelia Eleonora* left it.

American vessels were arriving and departing as usual; and there was no report or appearance of an immediate rupture with America.

Captain Fuller, of the brig *Friendship*, which arrived on Sunday last from St. Martins, was carried in there by two French privateers; his vessel and cargo were both condemned under pretence of his roll d'équipage being imperfect; tho' no particular part of it was pointed out as such; he says that upwards of forty-nine American vessels have been captured, and carried in there lately, the whole of which were condemned.

PHILADELPHIA, July 6.

Governor Jay has convened the New-York state legislature, to meet on the 9th of next month at Albany, to take into consideration the present crisis in our affairs, and to do whatever may be proper in the emergency.

Extract of a letter from citizen Talleyrand, Minister of exterior relations, to the Confid General of the French Republic at Philadelphia.

6th Germinal, 6th year,
(26th March.)

I enclose you my answer to the note of the commissioners of the United States.—You will observe that I do a way every accusation which they had made against the French government. The question therefore, now remains in its true point of view. Two of the envoys are going to return; one remains. This is a proof that there exists a disposition to treat, & that we are far from entertaining the least idea of a rupture.

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

JULY 3.

Mr. Harper laid on the table sundry resolutions, which contemplate raising the standing army to 50,000; the appointment of the officers of the army as soon as the present pleases; such officers not to be in pay, however, until called into actual service; the president to bring into actual service immediately 12,500 men, &c. Also to enable him to procure ten more vessels of not less than 32 guns each; and to establish one or more dock-yards.

Mr. Livingston renewed his motion for an address to the president, requesting him to empower Mr. Gerry to conclude a treaty with the French, compatible with the instructions of which the three

commissioners were the bearers.

After some warm, deftul-tory and indecorous debate, of which we shall early give sketch, the motion was lost. The yeas and nays were as follows:

Yea—*Messrs.* Baldwin, Baird, Benton, Blount, Burges, T. Claiborne, Clopton, Davis, Dawson, Fowler, Galatin, Gillespie, Gregg, Harrison, Havens, Heister, Jones, Livingston, Locke, Lyon, Maccon, M'Clenan, M'Dowell, New, Nicholas, W. Smith Stanford, Sumpter, J. Trigg, R. Williams—30.

Nay—*Messrs.* Allen, Baer, Bartlett, Bayard, Brooks, Bullock, Champlin, Chapman W. Claiborne, Cochran, Coit, Craik, Dana, Dent, Edmond, Evans, A. Foster, D. Foster, J. Freeman, Glenn, Goodrich, Gordon, Grove, Grifwold, Hanna, Harper, Hartley, Hindman, Holmes, Hofner, Imlay, Kittera, Lyman, Matthews, Otis, Isaac Parker, Reed, Schureman, Sewall, Sinnickson, Sitgreaves, N. Smith, Sprague, Sprigg, Thatcher, Thomas, Tillinghast, Van Allen, Varnum, Venable, Wadsworth—51.

Mr. Harper laid on the table a resolution proposing, that the money expended by any state indebted to the United States, upon their fortifications, (provided their plans be approved by the president,) shall be passed to their credit.

Mr. Sewall from the committee, reported a bill making further appropriations for the additional naval armament.

The house are to meet at ten for the remainder of the session.

Lexington, July 25.

INSERTED BY DESIRE.

The following are the toasts drank on the 4th of July at Cincinnati.

1. The day—may it never be forgotten wile time and nature lasts. 9 cheers—9 guns.

2. John Adams, president of the United States—may his wife and firm administration prefer to America, her independence, and convince the world, that she will be united at home and respected abroad. 9—9

3. The vice president of the United States. 3—3

4. The senate and house of representatives—may their patriotic measures convince France, that America will never buy a disgraceful peace, while she can maintain an honorable war. 3—3

5. George Washington, the great & good man—may the evening of his days be as tranquil as his life has been glorious. 9—9

6. The patriotic congress of seventy six, which gave birth to American independence. 9—9

7. The heroes who fell in support of American Independence—May their virtues and sufferings be indelibly impressed on the mind of every American. 3—3

8. The agriculture, commerce and manufactures of the United States. 3—3

9. May the infidelity, anarchy and abomination of the French people, teach the nations of the earth, that honesty, religion and liberty, are inseparable. 3—3.

10. May the citizens of the United States think justly, ably and learn to distinguish between things which are practicable and those which are impossible. 3—3

11. The sons of America—the last to refuse French usurpation; the first to check it. 9—9

12. The army and navy. 9—9

13. The western people—ready to support the government of their choice, and determined not to sacrifice it. 9—9

14. The volunteer corps of Philadelphia—may their laudable example be imitated throughout the United States. 3—3

15. The American fair—may their smiles animate the defenders of their country, and ana their calves reward their toils. 9—9

16. Peace and happiness to all mankind. 3—3

Volunteers.

After the governor had retired; his excellency, the governor of the North western Territory, 9—9.

After the general had retired: the commander in chief of the army of the United States. 9—9.

May American virtue and patriotism fill the boasted “diplomatic skill of France,” and may her “means in our country” prove the means of her own folly and disappointment. 3—3

From a Correspondent.

The following toasts were unanimously agreed to be given on the 4th of July, by the citizens of Bainbridge; viz:

The day.

2. The president of the United States.

3. The Mount Vernon Farmer; may myriads unknown, venerate his name, to their latest posterity.

4. The congress of the United States; may the noble patriotic wisdom and virtue direct all their counsels.

5. Success to the navy of the United States.

6. The militia of the United States.

7. The sovereignty and independence of the United States; as our ancestors had the valor to establish them, may we have the spirit to defend them.

8. The heroes who nobly fought and fell in defence of the American revolution.

9. May the United States never want such, either to suppress intestine broils and insurrection, or to repel the invasion of any foreign foe.

10. May we never forget that to our own country, by the constitution and laws of which, all our just rights are protected, we owe all the true love which distinguishes the real patriot, and may we never be afraid to offer when our country requires it.

11. May the Tree of Liberty which was planted by the blood of our ancestors, continue to flourish in the United States, and while we enjoy its fruits, may we never forget its planters.

12. Liberty and equality, without license or strife.

13. The American Eagle; may it never lose a feather.

14. The American fair; may the foes to freedom and the United States, never be blessed with their smiles.

15. The state of Kentucky; may she never be led astray by pretenders to patriotism.

16. The governor of the state of Kentucky.

Philadelphia, July 2.

A letter from New-York, dated on Saturday last, mentions an arrival there on Friday evening from Lisbon, bringing accounts from thence to the 12th of May. The captain says, that previous to his sailing a courier had arrived at Lisbon from Madrid, and that immediately after a government vessel was dispatched for England. It was the general opinion at Lisbon, that Spain was actually negotiating a peace with Great Britain.

APPOINTMENTS BY AUTHORITY.

George Washington, of Virginia, Lieutenant general and commander in chief of the armies of the United States of America.

Thomis Perkins, of Massachusetts, commissioner of loans for that state—vice Nathaniel Appleton, deceased.

William M'Guire of Virginia, chief justice of the Mississippi Territory.

William Henry Harrison, of ditto, Secretary of the Territory North West of the river Ohio—vice Winthrop Sargent, appointed governor of the Mississippi Territory.

Jotha Blakely, of New-York, consular for St. Jago, in the island of Cuba.

James Daniel, of Virginia, inspector of the revenue for survey, No. 3, in the district of Virginia.

Jonathan Chapman, of Massachusetts, master of a Revenue cutter, belonging to the district of Massachusetts.

John Adams, of New-Hampshire, master of a Revenue cutter belonging to the district of New-Hampshire.

George Latimer, collector of the customs for the district of Pennsylvania—vice Sharp Delany, esq. resigned.

George Latimer, esq. collector of the customs for the district of Pennsylvania—vice Sharp Delany, esq. resigned.

New-London, June 27.

A letter from St. Mary's, dated the 27th ultimo says, that some Indian Chiefs have arrived there who bring information of the British having taken possession of Pensacola. *Quere*—Will Mr. Allen consider this as sufficient cause for declaring war against our faithful allies the British? Or will Mr. Harper be inclined to bait there on his 'road to Mexico'?

Baltimore June 25.

IMPORTANT.

Capt Monteath, who arrived at the fort, informs that on or about the 21st ult. arrived at La Guira, the crew of a French privateer, direct from Cadiz, run ashore on the island of Fortuga Selada, to windward of La Guira, who had since her arrival among the islands, taken an American schooner belonging to the northward, but fell in with an English ship of 16 guns, who ran her ashore.—Captain Monteath saw the captain of the privateer's instructions from France—these instructions signified that he had full power to capture every American vessel he fell in with, without any discrimination.

TO A CORRESPONDENT.

The piece signed "A By-stander," may possibly have a good tendency, if published during the session of the Legislature—until which time, we advise the author to withhold it.

These gentlemen in whose hands subscription papers for printing the laws of this state are lodged, will please to forward them to this office by the first opportunity.

(For advertisements, see Gazette Extraordinary.)

A LIST of delinquents returned from the Auditor of Public accounts, to the sheriff of Hardin county, to be sold for the taxes due thereon:

Elizabeth Moody, 2000 acres, waters of Green river. Anthony W. White, 1000, Rough creek. Robert Cobb, 65, 322 Ohio. Kinnian Jones 118, 822, Panther creek; 4000 ditto; 5000 Ohio; 10,000 do; 10,500 Caney creek; 2,547 Bear creek; 2,933 Pleasant cr.

4500 Ohio; 1000 Little Clifty; 4,047 Round bottom; 2000 Outer creek; 5000 Clover creek; 2000 Nolin; 400 Wolf creek; 10,000 do; 2,600 Panther creek; 20,000 do; 400 Nolin; 1000 Sovern's Valley; 600 Bear creek; 600 do; 600 Outer creek; 500 Sinking creek; 6000 Bulges grove; 200; 1,400; 2000 Clover creek; 1000 Laurel creek; 1000; 4,502 Nolin, muddy; 800 Nolin Rau-ton; 700 Dog creek; 2000 Rock creek; 8,728 Caney creek; 1000 do; 1,500 Rough creek; 1000 Sovern's Valley; 1000 Billes creek; 1000 Nolin creek; 500 Sulphur creek; 300 adjoining Re-ness; 500 Roundtione creek; 14,200 Big Reedy; 2,450 Caney creek; 7,200 Panther creek; 1000 Bear creek; 140 ditto; James Brown 1000 Rough cr. Howel Lewis 10,000 Panther creek. Nicholas Broyle 1400 Middle creek. Nancy Cat and Rebecca M'Donald 1200 Rough creek. Robert Buckner 2000. Lawrence Grifham 325. Eliha Freeman 400 Nolin. Jacob Short 400 do. John Barnet's heirs 400. Richard Harrison 3000 Rough creek. Robert Johnson 537 do. 1472 Clifty. Alexander Marr 1000 Green river. James Strude 800. William Witherly 2,600 Nolin. Moses White 500 in the Barrens. Thomas Bull 15 Rolling fork; 100 do. William Blackburn 200 do. Joseph Barnet dec. 30,000 Rough cr. Charluck Courtney 123 Nolin. Samuel Camp 1,094, Valley. Samuel Culbertson 320 Little Clifty. Samuel Evans 10,000 Bear creek. Aaron Graham 120 Rough creek. John Handley 7,500 Green river; 10,054 do. 3,704 do. 400 do. 4000 do. 2000 Panther creek; 1,500 do. 5000 Rough creek; 5000 Long lick creek; 400 Valley creek; 1000 Sinking creek; 400 Nolin; 1000 Green river; 350 Sinking creek; 600 Rock creek; 300 do. Charles Hickman 1000 Clover creek; 500 Hardins creek; 163 Clover creek. Samuel M'Grady 500 Halls creek. James Nourse 1500 Bonds creek; 3,996 Rough creek; 116 Nolin; 2000 Cedar Nourse; 750 do. 431 Rough creek; 1000 do. 3000 do. 11,500; 1000 Nolin; 400 do. 788 Salt-lick creek; 1200 Green river; 1800 Bear creek; 2000 Rough creek; 200 Nolin; 2000 Rough creek; 100 Outer creek. George Parsley 200 Middle creek. Enas Randolph 124 Rolling fork. Iham Talbot 2940 Salt river. Joseph Vaumater 262 Nolin. Nicholas Welch 1130 Rough creek. Richard L. Waters 2000 Clifty. Walter Baker's heirs 1000 Green river. John Combs' heirs 200 Rough and Sinking creek. Thomas Hays 3200 Dover & Limestone. Joseph Graves 643 Caney creek. David Leitch 2000 Nolin. Benjamin Pope, in the name of Edward Goodin 400 Rolling fork. William Weathers 500 Ohio, mo. S. R. 300 adjoining the above. Thomas Parker 1000 Buffalo creek. Samuel Pearson 800 Rolling fork. Richard Taylor 1000 Panther creek. Armold Churchill 250 Valley creek; 200 do. Robert Johnson 800 Bartons; 750 Rock-lick creek; 1472 Big Clifty. Joseph Allen 1000 Hardins creek; 1000 do. Francis Blunt 500 Nolin. Thomas Austin 1000. John Fowler 80,000 on Green river. Smith Payne 2146 Little yellow bank creek. Matthew Ridgely dec. 1500 Nolin; 500 Mill creek; 200 Salt river; 1000 Nolin; 600 Ohio; 200 Caney run. George Slaughter 1500. Blaiklards creek. Thomas Watkins 1000 Rough creek. John Phillips 4924. Morris Langhorne 2000 Wolf creek. John Langhorne 2000 do. Isaac Hite's executors 500 Hardins creek; 500 do. 300 Clover creek; 1000 Hardins creek; 500 Rough creek; 418 do; 500 Short-pouch creek. George Rogers 500 Helm's fork, Bear creek. Jonathan Swift 3400 Indian camp creek; 1950 Welch's creek; 563 waters do. Simon Triplett 1000 Lynn camp creek. Joseph Butler 1000 do. Robert Wallis 2758 Rough creek. William Pollard 1000 Clear creek. Saul Payne 708 lost run branch. Benjamin Toler 1803 & 3 waters of Lewis's creek. Margaret Ray 400 Bear creek. Philip Ray 400 do. Joseph Ray 400 do. Sarah Ray 400 do. Thomas Dixon 2000 Little yellow bank creek. Edward Ireland 4000 Nolin and Rolling fork. Jeff Holland-worth 2000 waters Green river. Sampson Matthew 4570-3 Caney and Bear creek; 1500 Clover creek. John Brown 1000 Clifty. Thomas Gains 620 do. John Watkins 2500 Green river. Richard Hord dec. 763 waters do. 1777 & 2-3 Green river; 1335-4 waters Panther creek; 665 & 2-3 do. Thomas Hord 1777 & 2-3 Green river; 1335-2 waters Panther creek; 665 & 2-3

Panther creek; 731-2 Green river; John Hord 721 waters Green river; 1777 & 2-3 Green river; 1335-4 Panther creek; 665 & 2-3 do. Adrian Valch 4000 Ohio. Eliza Leah 1000. Alexander Thom's heirs 2925 waters Green river. William Goodwin 400 Wolf creek, near Ohio; 1000; 1000; 3000. Francis Wheately 1000 Green river. William Whitley 500 do. Joseph Wilkinson 5997 & 3-4 Rough cr. William Wither's ten. 500 on the Ohio; 500 do. George Bourne 1500 Green river. Thomas Barba 2000 do. Ralph Humphreys' admrs 500 Valley creek. John Smith 500 Rough creek. John Swan 1000 do. 500 Mill creek; 1000 in the Barrens. David Ramsey 12,500 waters Green river; 2500 do. John Howell 5472 Rough creek. Lewis Ward 325 Round stone. James Wilkinson 3000 below Salt river; 5779 waters of Rough creek. John Houston 860 do. 640 do. William Fullerton 5000 do. 4000 head do. James Steel 30,000 Green river and Nolin. William Biting' 1000 do. Isaac Bowman 1400 Do. Do. Richard Harrison 3000 Rough creek. Robert Johnson 537 do. 1472 Clifty. Alexander Marr 1000 Green river. James Strude 800. William Witherly 2,600 Nolin. Moses White 500 in the Barrens. Thomas Bull 15 Rolling fork; 100 do. William Blackburn 200 do. Joseph Barnet dec. 30,000 Rough cr. Charluck Courtney 123 Nolin. Samuel Camp 1,094, Valley. Samuel Culbertson 320 Little Clifty. Samuel Evans 10,000 Bear creek. Aaron Graham 120 Rough creek. John Handley 7,500 Green river; 10,054 do. 3,704 do. 400 do. 4000 do. 2000 Panther creek; 1,500 do. 5000 Rough creek; 5000 Long lick creek; 400 Valley creek; 1000 Sinking creek; 400 Nolin; 1000 Green river; 350 Sinking creek; 600 Rock creek; 300 do. Charles Hickman 1000 Clover creek; 500 Hardins creek; 163 Clover creek. Samuel M'Grady 500 Halls creek. James Nourse 1500 Bonds creek; 3,996 Rough creek; 116 Nolin; 2000 Cedar Nourse; 750 do. 431 Rough creek; 1000 do. 3000 do. 11,500; 1000 Nolin; 400 do. 788 Salt-lick creek; 1200 Green river; 1800 Bear creek; 2000 Rough creek; 200 Nolin; 2000 Rough creek; 100 Outer creek. George Parsley 200 Middle creek. Enas Randolph 124 Rolling fork. Iham Talbot 2940 Salt river. Joseph Vaumater 262 Nolin. Nicholas Welch 1130 Rough creek. Richard L. Waters 2000 Clifty. Walter Baker's heirs 1000 Green river. John Combs' heirs 200 Rough and Sinking creek. Thomas Hays 3200 Dover & Limestone. Joseph Graves 643 Caney creek. David Leitch 2000 Nolin. Benjamin Pope, in the name of Edward Goodin 400 Rolling fork. William Weathers 500 Ohio, mo. S. R. 300 adjoining the above. Thomas Parker 1000 Buffalo creek. Samuel Pearson 800 Rolling fork. Richard Taylor 1000 Panther creek. Armold Churchill 250 Valley creek; 200 do. Robert Johnson 800 Bartons; 750 Rock-lick creek; 1472 Big Clifty. Joseph Allen 1000 Hardins creek; 1000 do. Francis Blunt 500 Nolin. Thomas Austin 1000. John Fowler 80,000 on Green river. Smith Payne 2146 Little yellow bank creek. Matthew Ridgely dec. 1500 Nolin; 500 Mill creek; 200 Salt river; 1000 Nolin; 600 Ohio; 200 Caney run. George Slaughter 1500. Blaiklards creek. Thomas Watkins 1000 Rough creek. John Phillips 4924. Morris Langhorne 2000 Wolf creek. John Langhorne 2000 do. Isaac Hite's executors 500 Hardins creek; 500 do. 300 Clover creek; 1000 Hardins creek; 500 Rough creek; 418 do; 500 Short-pouch creek. George Rogers 500 Helm's fork, Bear creek. Jonathan Swift 3400 Indian camp creek; 1950 Welch's creek; 563 waters do. Simon Triplett 1000 Lynn camp creek. Joseph Butler 1000 do. Robert Wallis 2758 Rough creek. William Pollard 1000 Clear creek. Saul Payne 708 lost run branch. Benjamin Toler 1803 & 3 waters of Lewis's creek. Margaret Ray 400 Bear creek. Philip Ray 400 do. Joseph Ray 400 do. Sarah Ray 400 do. Thomas Dixon 2000 Little yellow bank creek. Edward Ireland 4000 Nolin and Rolling fork. Jeff Holland-worth 2000 waters Green river. Sampson Matthew 4570-3 Caney and Bear creek; 1500 Clover creek. John Brown 1000 Clifty. Thomas Gains 620 do. John Watkins 2500 Green river. Richard Hord dec. 763 waters do. 1777 & 2-3 Green river; 1335-4 waters Panther creek; 665 & 2-3 do. Thomas Hord 1777 & 2-3 Green river; 1335-2 waters Panther creek; 665 & 2-3

Samuel & George Trotter.

HAve just received and are now opening at their store in Lexington, A large and general assortment of merchandise, consisting of DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, GROCERIES, GLASS and QUEENS WARE; NAILS, ANVILS, VICES, STEEL, &c. which will be sold on the very lowest terms for CASH.

In addition to the above, they have lately received
Mill Gudgeons, land 8 by 10 Window-Glass.

FRENCH SCHOOL.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

ENCOURAGED by a number of respectable persons, has lately removed to the town of Lexington. He proposes, with the assistance of his wife, to instruct young people of both sexes, in the

FRENCH LANGUAGE & DANCING.

His terms will be moderate; and those who entrust him with the care of their children, may rely on his attention and assiduity. He will commence teaching on the 23d of this month,

Woldemard Mentelle.

July 20, 1798.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Garrard county on Back creek, a bay mare one year old last spring, about four feet two inches high, with a mealy nose, no brand perceptible, appraised to \$1.25.

John Bruce.

February 5th, 1798.

N. B. Since the above mare has died there appears a brand on the near shoulder thus J.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Washington county on the north side of the Chaplin fork near the mouth of Thompson's creek, a sorrel mare with a white mane and tail, supposed to be fifteen or sixteen years old, fourteen hands high, no brand perceptible, but on the point of her off side stands a star of brand thus C, with a blaze face, fiddle spots on both sides of her back, appraised to \$1.10.

Mathew Ramey.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Montgomery county, on Flat creek, near the road that leads from Paris, to Slave furnace, a black mare, five years old, with a blaze face, fourteen hands high, stood all round branded thus E, on both shoulders, appraised to eighteen pounds.

April 28th, 1798.

THE undersigned, with Jacob Myers, having inferred an advertisement in the Kentucky Gazette dated the 22d June 1798, requesting Lewis Myers, John Myers, John Scott and Jacob Froman, to meet them at the house of John Myers in the town of Danville, on Saturday the 14th of July, in order to form rules for the government of their company who had undertaken to erect iron works at therein for forth.

This is to inform said partners, that as they did not attend on the day, they cannot be considered as partners, and that the undersigned have entered into articles to carry on the works, secure the funds &c. being confined to do so, the said Jacob Myers having refused to enter into any confidential agreement whatever.

MICHAEL HORNE,

JACOB HOMING,

JACOB DONNIER.

July 20th, 1798.

MARGARET CROTHERS,
Does leave to inform her friends, and the public that she intends fitting up the business of Martmating and Millinery, at the house of Mrs. Walker, on High street, and that herself she will be able to give satisfaction to those who will please to employ her.

PARTS DISTRICT.—July term, 1798.
Seriah Stratton, complainant.

against

George Winn, William Hord and John Tatcher, defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

The defendant Hord not having entered his appearance herein, agreeably to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and is accordingly to be disbarred of this commonwealth. On the motion of the plaintiff, it is ordered that the said Hord do appear here on the third day of the next October term, and answer the complainant's bill and that a copy of this order be inserted in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively, and published at the front door of the Presbyterian meeting house in Paris, from Sunday immediately after divine service.

A copy. ter. THO. ARNOLD, C. P. D. C.

BLANK BOOKS,
Suitable for Clerks, Merchants, Sheriffs, &c.
or fols at this office.



SACRED TO THE MUSES.

CLOSE OF HARVEST.

WITH thankful hearts and cheerful voice,
Let all the nymphs & swains rejoice,
And sing gay merry make;
The plenteous harvest now secure,
Let old and young the pleasures pure
Of rural life partake.

The barn is fill'd with hay and grain,
To spend when storms of snow & rain,
Wide desolation brings,
Each breast let gratitude polis',
Each willing foul forever blest
The giver of good things.

Set round the board like christian friends,
Let us partake what Heaven us sends,
The produce of the earth;
Let foreign spirits ne'er intrude,
To make us angry, rough or rude,
And poison all our mirth.

The jovial song and lively dance,
The joy of human life, advance,
Let no one, then be sad:
Why with dali superstitions cloud,
Should we the Almighty's image shroud,
When scripture bids be glad?

Then let the hardy jovial swain,
That lately moved the slow'ry plain,
Unbind himself awhile;
And Kitty quit her spinning wheel,
And join to dance the country reel,
Forgetting all her toil.

The contemplative mind of age,
And sedate philosophic sage,
Will join the festive band;
While music's most enchanting sound,
And joy and virtue dance around,
Forever hand in hand.

RUSTICUS.

AN E D C O T E.

In French, there are some words which have no correspondent rhyme. A lady asking a poet the rhyme for *coiffe*, (a lady's head-dress) was answered; *Madam, there is none; for what belongs to a lady's head has neither rhyme nor reason.*

(Concluded from the first page,) on the aid of that nation, in any dispute which may take place between them and the people of America. If I am right in these opinions, it follows—that our engaging in war at this time, with France, will necessarily bring on an alliance of the closest kind with Great Britain; and that such an alliance, will necessarily cause a tyranny at home, and a state of dependence abroad. America can never be conquered by any foreign power; and her liberty can never be lost, unless those who attempt to deprive her of it, are aided by a foreign power; let us take care therefore, to form no close political union, with any nation which we know will have both the power and inclination to give our rulers that aid, whenever it may be necessary to effect their wicked purposes.

But, we are told that war, and this alliance, are the only means by which our liberty and independence can be secured. Let us judge of the truth of this assertion, by the real sentiments of those who are most clamorous for their adoption. There is not an *old* *boy* in America, who does not espouse this opinion. How long is it since this valuable class of men have become converts to, and advocates for the liberty and independence of America? When I see blackmoor waded white, I shall believe, that these men have changed their principles, and are really in earnest now, in their professions of regard to our liberties and independence, which they so long labored to prevent us from obtaining; but until this shall happen, I shall continue to think that they advocate the present system of our government, because they know that its certain tendency is, to destroy our liberty and independence. Such

of the British subjects as are now in America, not for the purpose of becoming permanent residents of our country, but with a view of returning to their own, as soon as they have, like many leeches, sucked out our richest blood, are also the warm advocates of these measures. But the men who has no lasting interest in our country, who can leave it at half an hour's notice, and who, after having afflited to kindle a fire which will consume it, can ride away with pleasure and with safety by the light of the blaze, ought never to be permitted to dictate to us the line of conduct which we should pursue.

An Englishman, a Scotchman or an Irishman, who intends to become a permanent citizen of America, and to leave his posterity here; and who, from an attachment to the rights of man, or from his knowledge of the oppressions of the government which he has left; is a real friend to the liberty and independence of America; is our brother, and an American by choice and adoption: but a man of any country, who is adverse in sentiment to the rights of man, who is *absent* enough, to consent to bend the knee to *some*, that he may tyrannize over *others*, is our foe, and ought to be considered as a real alien, even if born in America. If it is said that many, very many, who are among the best and most virtuous of our citizens, give their sanction to the present measures of our government; I admit it to be a truth, and one which is greatly to be lamented. But these men do not approve of these measures which they are ready to support; they are deceived as to the necessity of them; they are not sufficiently impressed with their consequences; and they do not draw the true distinction between declaring a disapprobation of the measures of government, while we submit to them, and opposing laws by force. Would to God, that this part of our country-men could be brought seriously to reflect on the certain consequences of the measures which they now advocate; and on the real objects of those with whom they are now associated. If this could once take place, we should no longer be a divided people: but unite in making a change of men, and calling for a change of measures: and until this desirable change could be effected, in opposing in a constitutional manner all the real enemies to our liberty and independence; whether they are within, or without our country.

Independence as a nation, if it could be effected without retaining our liberties as a people, would be of no value. United they are invaluable, but separate them, and the seeming prosperity of the nation would only increase the bitterness of our situation, arising from the loss of our liberties. We might be the subjects of a powerful master, but we should be reduced to the most abject possible state of human misery—that of being the slaves of our own servants.

A FRIEND TO PEACE.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living near Lexington, Fayette county, a black horse, ten years old, about fifteen hands high, his hind feet white, no brand, appraised to 100.

SAM. BLAIR.

July 9, 1798.

NOTICE.

I DO hereby forewarn all persons from making any contract, or taking any conveyance from George Bryan, of Fayette county, for the sum of 1000 acres of land, on Cane run, in Fayette county, or for the sum of 1000 acres, or for the sum of 1000 acres, lying on Rough creek, entered in the name of John May and John Harvie, which said entry adjoins Joseph Bennett's fix thousand acre survey, that was made to adjoin Gabriel Madison's fix thousand acre survey.

W.M. HAMPTON.

July 12, 1798.

TO BE SOLD

To the Highest Bidder, On the first inst. at the late dwelling house of Thomas Strother dec. on the head of Coopers run, in Bourbon county—the personal estate of said deceased, consisting of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Household and Kitchen Furniture, Farming Tools, a Good Waggon, &c. &c. Twelve months credit will be given for all sums above three pounds, for which bond and good security will be required.

NELLY STROTHER, Executrix,
THOMAS MCCLANAHAN, Jun. Ex'or.
July 10, 1798.

32

Public Notice.

In conformity to instructions received from the treasury department, public notice is hereby given to the citizens of the district of Ohio, that I am in possession of the pres; dies, &c. &c. necessary for stamping and marking vellum, parchment and paper, agreeable to the act entitled, "An act laying duties on stamped vellum, parchment and paper."

In order to accelerate the circulation and distribution of stamped paper, &c. and to facilitate the operation of the law to those persons who may have occasion to purchase, they are hereby informed that the collectors of the revenue will be furnished with such quantities as will be sufficient for the consumption of their several divisions, a portion of which will be lodged with the clerks of each county, and with the persons keeping offices of inspection, and with such others who are stationary as the collector may think proper to intrust.

JAMES MORRISON.
Supervisor of district of Ohio.
Lexington, May 27, 1798. 2m.

State of Kentucky.

Franklin District, to wit:
April term, 1798.

Henry French, Complainant,
against
James Madison, } Defendants.
and
Robert Sunders, }

IN CHANCERY.

The defendant James Madison not having entered his appearance herein, agreeable to law and the rules of this court, and it appearing by satisfactory proof to this court, that he is not an inhabitant of this State—upon the motion of the council for the complainant, it is ordered that the said defendant do appear here on the 2d day of the August term next, and answer the bill of the complainant; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Kentucky Gazette, for two months successively, at the door of Mr. Hickman's meeting house immediately after divine service, and at the front door of the State-house, in the town of Frankfort.

A copy, etc.
WILLIS LEE, C.P.D.

NOTICE.

COMMISSIONERS appointed by the court of Nelson, will meet on Wednesday the first day of August next, if fair, otherwise the next day after, at Froman's old station, on Froman's creek, about 5 miles from Bardstown, and proceed from thence to the special calls mentioned in an entry of James Nourse, made April 29th 1798. On the waters of Salt river, or the south-east Buffalo road, about 8 or 10 miles from the Elk lick, including William Beard's improvement and three springs thereon and there to perpetuate testimony agreeably to law.

James Nourse.

WANTS EMPLOYMENT,

A PERSON lately from Maryland, with a small family, who understands the milking business, is desirous of following his trade, and would move to any part of the country. Any person having a farm and wanting a mill, may rely on his ability, as he has followed the business some years in Maryland, and was much approved of. Let others lodged at squire Molley's, Hartford town, will be attended to by

BENJ. GILBERT.

June 23, 1798. 32

TAKE NOTICE,

THAT I shall on the second Wednesday in August, attend the commissioners appointed by the county court of Hardin, to establish the beginning of a treasury warrant claim of 1000 acres, lying on Rough creek, entered in the name of John May and John Harvie, which said entry adjoins Joseph Bennett's fix thousand acre survey, that was made to adjoin Gabriel Madison's fix thousand acre survey.

SAMUEL P. DUVAL.

July 5th, 1798. 32

ROZE away from the plantation of Jonathan Scean, in the big bend of Jonathan river, a chestnut foal horse, about ten years old, with a bold face, glister eyes, not a hair white, and a small fiddle ear. Whoever delivers said horse and fiddle to Mr. George Walker, or Mr. John Scott, on the Hickman road, shall be handsomely rewarded by me

James McConnel.

July 11, 1798. 32

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in the county of Clarke, one pale foal horse, judged to be four feet high, six years old, branded on the near buttock C, a star in the form of a diamond, a little white on the nose, near hind foot white, appraised to 25.

GEORGE BOON.
Rushton's Letter to Washington,
May be had at this office.

32

TAKEN up by the subscriber near Lexington, Fayette county, a white mare horse, fifteen and a half hands high, seven years old, branded on the near shoulder, topographical, short tail, & appears to be getting the pox, her near eye about half瞎, and was with foal she had with her a bay yearling male colt, with both hind feet white, a large star and spot and the near eye a full瞎. Whoever delivers said creatures to the subscriber shall receive the above reward.

WILLIAM WALL.
B.W.

NOTICE,

THAT I will attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Fleming, on Monday the 20th day of August next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at the house of Maj. Steckdon, and proceed thence to take the depositions of sundry witnesses, concerning an entry of 1,000 acres of land (whereon Silas Johnston now lives,) made in the name of Benjamin Roberts, on the 26th or 27th of May, 1790, and do such other things as may be necessary and agreeable to law.

MELCHIA COUCHMAN.

July 11, 1798. 32

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on Slade, Montgomery county, a sorrel mare, about fifteen years old, thirteen and a half hands high, one hind foot white, a blaze face, branded BE on the near shoulder, crookways—appraised to 71, 10s.

William L. Yukum.

April, 1798. 32

Notice,

Is hereby given, that I shall apply to the court of Franklin county, in November next, for an order to establish a town agreeably to law, on my lands, on the Kentucky river, near the mouth of Cedar creek, on the upper side, in said county.

Joshua Spiers.

July 18, 1798.

Notice,

THAT commissioners appointed by the county court of Fleming county, will meet on the first Monday in September, if fair, if not, the next fair day, at my house in said county, then and there to take the depositions of witnesses, in order to perpetuate testimony respecting the calls of an entry of one thousand acres of land made on a pre-emption warrant, in the names of John Craig and Robert Johnson, affigees of John May, affigee of John Fleming; and do such further and other acts as shall be deemed necessary and agreeable to law.

Thomas Jener.

July 18, 1798.

PURSUANT to an order of the court of Mason county, appointing commissioners to establish the special call and boundaries of an entry of 33,750 acres of land, made in the name of Anthony Thornton, lying in Mason county, and beginning on the lower Blue Licks, towards the north fork of Licking, about a mile north of where said road crosses Johnson's fork, running thence two miles west and four miles east, then extending from each end of the line of six miles a north course for quantity, I shall on Monday the 20th day of August next, attend with the commissioners to take the depositions of certain persons in order to establish said call and boundaries. The commissioners, witnesses &c. will meet at 10 o'clock in the morning at James Buckhannon's, who lives on the south-east corner of said land and thence proceed to the calls of the entry.

ANTHONY THORNTON, jun.

July 23d, 1798. 32

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Woodford county, Clear creek, a bay mare, five years old, thirteen hands three inches high, branded but cannot be made out, one of her hind feet white—appraised to 81, 5s.

William Christopher.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Will be exposed to public sale, at Lincoln court-house, on the second Teufday in September next, (it being court day) and continue until the whole is sold, the following tracts of land, or so much of each tract as will satisfy the taxes and interest due thereon, to the common wealth of Kentucky.

Proprietors.	Acres.	Water Courses.	Proprietors.	Acres.	Water Courses.	Proprietors.	Acres.	Water Courses.
John Clarke	1000	Gilberts creek	Arthur Campbell	600	Yellow Creek	Thomas Roland	100	
Jeff Ewell	2000	Buck creek	Same	600	Buck creek	Daniel Broadhead and	1000	Buck creek
John Tolbot	2500	Laurel river	Elizabeth Lewis	3000	Yellow creek	Andrew Barnett		
Robert Turnbull	4270	Green river	John Swan	1700	Sugar creek	Same	400	Do. in 4 tracts
Jeff Hollingworth		Rock-Castle	Robert Jones's heirs	2000	Skeggs creek	Robert Buckner	6500	
Francis Underwood			Garrett Minor	1000	Raccoon spring	John Chirn	100	
Same	3375	Dicks river and	David Buckhannon	1500	Sugar creek	Isabel Burns	600	Raccoon creek
William Logwood &	1529	Rock-Castle	Samuel Terrell	200	Gilberts creek	Brownlee and	1800	Laurel river
George Reading		N. fork of Roll-			Paint lick & Su-	Cunningham		
Richard Noell	3000	ing fork Salt riv.	Matthew Wright	1500	gar creek	William Brooks	400	Green river
Nicholas Voss	16000	Cumberland river	John Harris sen.	3400	Stinking creek	John Emmeron	100	Do.
Nicholas Bickers	400	W. Kentucky	Wade Mofly	2000	Laurel river	John Harris	6000	Sinking creek
George Robinton	200	Rolling fork	Thomas Callings	167	Dicks river	Joseph Montgomery	250	Green river
Samuel Coleman	3368	W. Rock-Castle	Peyton Stern	7500	Head Laurel riv.	Martha Miller	300	Do.
Same	3000		James Smith	1250	W. Rock Castle	Alexander Montgomery	1000	Dicks river
William Frazier	3000	Richland creek	Edward Friend	1500	Waters do.	Samuel M'Dowell	154	Green river
William Robertson	400		Same	1500	Laurel river	Jacob Myers	10000	Laurel River
George Johnson	400	W. Dicks river	George Smith	298	Rock-Castle	Same	418	Do.
Thomas Gift	5000	Laurel river	Same	2303	Sinking creek	John Mitchell	3037	Dicks river
Peter D. Robert	23672	Rock-Castle	Same, asse. of Harris	5000	Rock-Castle	Josephus Perrin	400	Green river
James M'Donald	400	Gilberts creek	Same	602	Do. and Raccoon	Edward Spears	475	Sugar creek
Same	400	Mouth do.	George Smith	333	Rolling fork W. S.	Peter Coats	40	Do.
Same	1000	Do. do.	Claudius Britton	1000	Rock-Castle	John Gaunt	1000	Rock-Castle
Same	1000	Do. do.	William Payne	2000	Dicks river	Same	1000	Do.
J. W. Kittera &	3300	Cumberland river	Samuel & Robert Smith	2000	Rock-Castle	Jawer Jones	500	
J. Muie			Same	5799	Sation-Camp trk.	John Lewis	36000	Richland creek
Daniel Smith	1000	Clear fork do.	Same	9726	Richland, Lau-	Same	10240	Lin-Camp creek
George Brook's heirs	7000	Laurel river	Same		rel river and	Same	9302	Do.
Same	1000	Same	Same	10187	Goose creek	Alexander M'Lardy	1363	Do.
Oliver Terrel	300	Pitmans creek	Same	700	Goose & Laurel R.	Thomas Parker	308	Do.
John Sreet	600	umberland river	Same	550	Rock-Castle	John Peters	80	Green river
Alexander Quarrier	1000	stinking creek	Same	500	Sinking valley	Samuel Irvin	535	W. Dicks river
Carlton Fleming	4000	Do.	Robert Morris	1000	Laurel river	Thomas Chilton	310	
Thomas Fleming	2000	Yellow creek	Same	1000	Cumberland river	William Love	1000	W. Brush creek.
George Brooke	2000	Do.	Same	1000	Do.	J. Steward and	1000	Do.
Same	1000	Cumberland river	Same	1000	Do.	Thomas Hutchings		
Wade Mofly	1000	V. 3. forks do.	Isaac Davis, sen.	3300	Sinking creek	Samuel Baird	115	Kentucky river.
Benjamin Say	10000	V. Cumberland	Same	4000	Cumb. waters.	Robert Masley	500	Drowning creek
Same	10000	Do.	Samuel Girham	2000	Clear fork Cumb.	John Watts	1600	Laurel river
Abraham Dubois	10000	Do.	John Harvie, alias	22182	Do.	Same	12250	Lin-Camp creek
William Pollard	10000	Do.	Spencer Griffin	500	2 tracts 750 each	Jacob Cuthen	2000	Cumberland river
John Beckly	10000	Do.	George Mason	666	Kentucky	John Austin	1000	Do.
C. Barne's heirs	10000	Do.	John Spears	400	Dicks river	Same	500	Dicks river
Joseph Budd	10000	Do.	William Floyd	32	Rock-Castle	Peter Garland	10000	
John B. Dettry	10000	Do.	John Lewis	12000	Rock-Castle	George Slaughter	16662	Rolling fork
John Savary	10000	Do.	Christopher Cheim	100	Dicks river	Same	16662	Do.

The proprietors, or their agents, of any of the aforesaid tracts of land, having any lawful credits for the payment of the tax and interest of any of the lands aforesaid, are requested to forward them to the subscriber, before the day of sale, that they may have credit for the same.

JONATHAN FORBES, Shff. L. C.

June 30, 1798.

THE partnership of ROBERT BARR, & Co. is this day dissolved, all persons indebted to the firm, will be necessary of calling in, immediately and settling of their balance to the subscriber, as no further indulgence can be given.

ROBERT BARR.

Lexington, March 15, 1798.

A REQUEST. THAT James Jeffs will speedily make known to me in Lexington Kentucky, where he lives that I may write to him on particular occasions, perhaps to his advantage.

JOSEPH JEFFS.

March 24th, 1798.

NOTICE, that on the 1st day of August, 1798, I will offend on a pre-emption entry, of 1000 acres of land, in Mason county, laid in with the court of commissioners, in the name of Robert Wood, and entered with the principal surveyor, in the name of Gideon Granting, affiance of John Wood, who was a fugitive of Robert Wood, five or six miles above the mouth of Little Sandy, on the south side of the Ohio. Likewise 1000 acres laid in with the court of commissioners, in the name of John Wood, and entered with the surveyor, in the name of Gideon Granting, affiance of John Wood, to adjoint the above described entry, in the river below, including the improvements, and there to take the depositions of such witnesses as shall be brought forward, and do such other things as the law requires.

BARTLETT BENNETT.

WANTED TO HIRE.

A GOOD wench, one that is capable of doing all kinds of house work for a small family, the must come well recommended for her honesty and cleanliness—2 good price will be given for such—enquire of the printer, D. D. & C. Lexington, July 24, 1798.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

FOR apprehending Waller Herrendon an apprentice, and fearing him is gone full within this state, so that the subscriber shall get him: he is about 19 years of age, donton w/ him made a dark complexion, long hair and dark eyes, wears a pair of breeches and a coat, a pair of breeches of bad character, about 5 feet 10 inches high; run away the last day of June. All persons are hereby forewarned from harboring him—Madison county, July 8, 1798.

RALPH ALLEN.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

WAS stolen or broke out of my safe in Lexington, on Thursday night, the 29th December last, a likely female, mare 14 and a half hands high, 7 or 8 years old, with a small star in her forehead, long tail, both hind legs white, branded this W. on the near shoulder and buttock, but not very plain, her tail pretty bushy, has the appearance of being worked. Whoever will deliver said mare to me shall receive the above reward and reasonable charges.

H. M'LVAIN.

Lexington, March 9, 1798.

STAYED or stolen from the subscriber, at Mann's lick, a foal mare, between fourteen and fifteen hands high, about five or six years old, a small star in her forehead, long tail, some of her mane lately cut, no brand perceptible. Any person giving information of the said mare, or delivering her to Capt. James A. Sturges at this place, shall receive a generous reward.

W. M. BROHAM.

Mann's lick, 1st July, 1798.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on the waters of Indian creek, Clarke county, a dark-brown foal, about ten years old, fourteen hands high, a tall high, branded on the near buttock W. I, and on the rear buttock, a small star, and on the hair in his forehead, a four-shilling bell on the horse lately broken with the poll evil, appears to 121.

GEORGE JOHNSON.

November 29, 1797.

NOTICE to all whom it may concern, in the county of Mason, that a self entitled to 135 acres of land, lying near Bullitt's lick in the county of Bullitt, generally called Cleop's old station, which is claimed by one Joseph Brooks, and I do caution and forewarn all manner of persons from purchasing all or any part of the said land.—And I do further caution all persons from pur-hasing, fundry witness now in the possession of the said Joseph Brooks, named Priscilla, alias Sella, Letty, Carolina and Amy or any one of them, as Letty can prove to be my property, in right of my wife.

G. PENDERGRASS.

June 8, 1798.

NOTICE, that commissioners appointed by the county court, will meet at the mouth of the Little North fork of Elkhorn, on the 2d Saturday in August next, to take the depositions of fundry witnesses, and perpetuate their testimony respecting said fundry, and do such other acts as may be deemed necessary and agreeable to law.

JOSEPH RICHISON.

June 27, 1798.

TAKE NOTICE, THAT commissioners appointed by the court of Scott county, will meet at the mouth of the Little North fork of Elkhorn, on the 2d Saturday in August next, to take the depositions of fundry witnesses to perpetuate their testimony respecting said fundry, and do such other acts as may be deemed necessary and agreeable to law.

JESSE ROBARDS.

Agent for the heirs of said Bowls.

July 21, 1798.

13^W

2 MILLS, &c. TO RENT.

I WISH to rent for a term of from one to twenty years, all my Mills on Elkhorn: together with my part, which is one equal half, of the merchant-mill on North Elkhorn. I will also rent for the above term, five plantations on the same tract of land with the mills—the whole of which are between four & five miles from Frankfort. The above property being generally known, a particular description is thought unnecessary. The rent must be paid quarterly.—For particulars apply to

NATHANIEL SANDERS,

July 9, 1798. on the premises.

TRANSYLVANIA SEMINARY.

THE public are hereby informed that Education may now be had at the Transylvania Seminary on as extensive a plan, and of moderate terms as at any school in the Union. The Greek and Latin languages will be taught here, together with Mathematics, Geography, the Belts Letters, and every other branch of Academic Education. The students have also made arrangements for, and will procure a French Teacher, whenever there shall be a sufficient number of Students desirous of learning that language. The terms of tuition are four pounds per annum. Boarding may be had with Mrs. Richardson at the Seminary, and in other genteel houses in Lexington, at the moderate rate of fifteen pounds per annum; one quarter to be paid always in advance.—For this sum Students will be dined, and their cloaths washed and mended—they furnishing their own bedding, fire-wood and candles, in their own apartments.

R. BARR, Clm.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN or STOLEN from the subscriber the 29th of May last, a likely black horse, with a star in his forehead, 7 years old, about 15 hands high, trots and paces, branded on the near buttock W. I, and on the rear buttock, a small star, and on the hair in his forehead, a four-shilling bell. I will give the above reward for the horse and thief or five dollars for the horse only.

Wm. HUSTON.

Lexington, July 10, 1798.

25

Kentucky, Baird's Inn, 23d June, 1798.

3 PLEASE to take notice, that pursuant to an order of the court of Quarter Sessions for Nelson county, directing the depositions of certain witnesses to be taken, in a suit now depending in the said court—wherein Elizabeth Davis is plaintiff against Bend. Davis, deft. I shall attend with commissioners on the 12th day of August next, at the house of Richard Davis, in Fairfax county, in Virginia, between the hours of six o'clock in the morning, and six o'clock in the evening, to take the depositions of Wm. Steel, Silvester Hall, Wm. Goodwin and others to be read in the aforesaid suit.

I am,

Sir,

Your humb. servt.

ELIZABETH DAVIS.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Clarke county on Howards upper creek, a dark brown mare, no brands, about seven or eight years old, about fourteen hands high, appraised to 121, 10s.

JAMES PRADSHAW.

May 22, 1798.

2

A LIST OF LANDS

To be sold at the court-house door in Washington, the 4th Monday in September next, (it being courtday) and to continue from day, to day until the whole is sold.

Thomas Underwood, 5000 acres water, Big Sandy. John Nicholsons, 45,106 2 Little Sandy river; 26,824 Tygert creek; 900 Tygert creek; 391 4 Little Sandy. James Greenleaf, 45,106 2, Little Sandy; 26,824, Tygert creek; 900, Tygert creek; 391 4, Little Sandy. John C. Littlepage, 20,000 acres, Licking river; Richard Richardson's heirs, 500 acres, waters of Licking. John Stockdon 2000 acres, Tygert's creek. Samuel Brockham's administrators, 1000 acres, Licking creek. Samuel Brockham jun, 500 acres, Licking creek, adjoining Brockham's administrators. John Bradford, 2,270 2 acres, Licking; Nathan Hammond, 3,007 acres, Licking. Robert Gunnell, 750 acres, waters of Lees creek. John Gunnell, 250 acres, Waters of Lees creek. William Turnbull, 20,200 acres, Sandy river; 10,000, do. Jeff Ewell, 1,250 acres, Johnfons's fork; 800, on the Ohio. Thomas Lomax, 2000 acres, Cabbin creek. Simon Triplett, 1,637 2 acres, N. W. fork Salt Licking. Robert Cochran, 11,100 1 acres, Waters of Sandy. Joshua Fry, 1,525 acres, Little Sandy. Abraham Maury jun. 2000 acres, Cabbin creek; 2,850, do. 3,307 2, do. Samuel Ford, 12000 acres, Elkhorn fork Licking. Christopher Ford, 1000 acres, Elkhorn fork Licking. John Ford, 500 acres, waters Johnfons' fork. John Beckley, 800 acres, waters Licking. Thomas Overton, 2000 acres, Johnfons' fork. Richard Moore, 400 acres, Flat creek. Joel Franklin, 324 acres, Sandy river. John Kelly, 399 acres Licking and Ohio. John Kirkfoot and Knight, heirs to John Peters, 1,400 acres, Flat fork of Johnfons, including Mud Lick. Richard Anderdon's heirs, 900 acres, Sandy. John E. Booker, 4000 acres, Licking. Andrew Dillon, 2,559 2,000 acres, waters of Ohio. Lawrence Slaughter, 3,750 acres Cabbin creek. Robert Slaughter jun. 3,225 acres, Cabbin creek. William S. Stone, 3,610 3-4 acres, waters Big Sandy. Richmond Harris, 500 acres, N. fork of Licking. John C. Owings, 1000 acres, Sandy; 350 Mill creek. John Price's heirs, 7,955 2 acres, Locust on Cox's creek. James, John and Alexander M. Alexander, 800 acres, Flemings fork of Licking. John Hunter and Charles Morgan, 500 acres, waters of Licking. Colly Chew, 2000 acres, waters of Licking. Nathaniel Massie, 200 acres, on the Ohio river. Joshua Gift, 665 acres, Triplet's creek. John Kichey, 2,047 acres, waters of Ohio. Nicholas Tillinghast, 3,274 2 acres, waters of Ohio. Thomas Champey, 20,000 acres, waters of Sandy. Francis Peyton, 1000 acres, N. fork of Licking. Joseph Strother, 7,800 acres, Big Sandy river. John Wiggleworth, 5000 acres, Big Sandy. John Welsh, 3,520 acres, Chilifians creek. Henry Robinfun, 500 acres, Big Sandy. William Robinfun, 1000 acres, do. Michael Robinfun, 500 2 acres, do. 1,749, do. James Robinfun, 500 acres, do. Thomas McGee, 500 acres, do. William McGee, 500 acres, do. Mary McGee, 500 acres, do. Elizabeth James, 1000 acres, do. John Robinfun's heirs, 4,373 acres, do. Benjamin Robinfun's heirs, 4,373 acres, do. 4,750, do. John Robinfun's heirs, 4,760 acres, do. John Stewart, 1,500 2 acres, do. William Richards, 773 acres, do. William Veigher, 1,700 acres, do. Humphrey Tompkins, 1000 acres, Salt lick creek. John Petty, 200 acres, Little and Big Sandy. James Steel, 500 acres, Cabbin creek. George Brooke's creek, 7000 acres, waters Little Sandy. Richard Gains, 2000 acres, Cabbin creek. Representatives of Olburn, 1,603 acres, Little Sandy. Mac Goode, 2,091 2 acres, Little Sandy. Thomas Bedford, 1,500 acres, Wilsons creek. Licking; 1,000, N. fork of Licking. Joseph Williams and Lewis Neill, 5,312 acres, Fleming creek; 2,683 2 acres, waters of Cabbin creek. Charles Taylor, 30,642 acres, Little Sandy; 17,800 Big Sandy. Thomas Collier's heirs, 2000 acres, Lees and Beelys creek. Alexander Quarrier, 5,500 acres, Big Sandy; 1,200, Johnfons' fork Licking. Archibald Payne, 667 acres, Licking. George Evans, 18000 acres, Ohio and Laurens creek. John Monday, 4,049 acres, Little Sandy. Jacob Judg, 5,666 2 acres, Fox creek. Agors valley. Thomas Sanders, 1000

Thomas Dobyns, Slff.

WILL be sold to the highest bidder, for cash, on the 12th day of August next, at Mount Sterling, the following tracts of land, or so much thereof, as will discharge the tax due

theron; 10 wit:
John Marks, 2600, Miller's creek.
Stephen Jeff, 709, State. Jonah Thompson, 500, Little mountain. Thomas Buck, 500, Geffy tick. John Smith, 200, Licking. Godfrey Yager, 400, ^{do}. William Pollard, 1000, Red river. Thomas Harris 1000, Licking. William Shannon, 2000, north fork Kentucky. John May's estate: 3000, Lubbockgrad. Iface Davis: 1000, Little mountain. Thomas Bradford 8000, State. William Mathews, 3000, Licking. Benjamin Holliday's heirs, 1000, Mudlick James Holliday, 400, State. James Vann, 709 3, 4, Red river. David Sandage, 750, State; 520, Indian creek. Justin Sandage, 500, State. Joseph Curd, 500, north fork Kentucky; 1000, Kentucky. Edward Curd, 2000, waters of Kentucky. John C. Owings: 2000, State creek; 1300 Indian fields; 500, Mudlick; 400, Hinkton; 900, Snake run; 800, Step- stone; 4000, State; 1000, Flat creek; 2000 Prirkly cbs. William Diverswood, 250, head waters of State. Thomas Miller 2000, Hinkton; 3000, waters of Lick- ing. Thomas Miller and John Jarvards, 1000, Licking. Peter D. Robert, 1832, Red river; 11646 2-3 North fork. Job Johnson's estate, 1500, wa- ters of Kentucky. Francis Foyen, 3000, Hinkton. James Nelson, 500, Red river. Evans Evans, 500, Licking. Alexander Maffie, 600, Lubbockgrad. Henry Young, 12600 2, Main Licking and Flat creek. W. Marshall & E. Langhorn, 6832 2-3. Flat creek. John Murray, 10000, Ken- tucky. Benjamin Varter, 250, branch of Licking. Samuel M. ridley, 604, State. Joseph Yearly, 450 \leftarrow Wm Webb, 834, Licking. Times Minor's heirs, 2000, State. Garrard Minor, 2000, do. John Harris sen, 5000, do. John Welch, 200, do. Humphrey's Tompkins, 2000, Red river; 1321, Hinkton, Henry Beard, 1092 2, Kentucky. Hardman Beard, 1273, do. Richard Bart, 500, Licking and State. John Acca- 500, Licking. Raney Shafreen, 600, State. Calib Collicway, 3602, Spencer and Hin sion, 2000, waters of Kentucky. Dubartis Shepherd, 2000, Kentucky. John Donald, 2000, Main Licking. William Simms, 6000, Lick creek, branch of Kentucky. Thomas Cartwright, 10000, North fork of Kentucky. William Winf- low, 424, Licking. Moses Hunter, 2000, Red river. Jeremiah More, 1271, State and Flat creek; 1000, Flat creek. John Farrow, 2000, State. Stephen French, 2205, State. Ambony and John Kucker, 500, Kentucky. William Paynes, 1000, State. Abner Crimp & Co., 5539-2. Robert Morris, 10000, wa- ters of Kentucky; 500, water North fork Kentucky; also 7000; also 3125; also 3400 2-3; also 5000, water North fork Kentucky; 15000, on the North fork Kentucky. Henry Garrett, 1000, State. John Alexander and Charles Burns, 3000, Hinkton. Daniel Balts, 1000, Mudlick.

PRINITIARY HOUSE.

THE Directors appointed to contract for, and superintend the building of a Jail and Penitentiary House, hereby give notice that they will attend at the house of Capt. Weifiger, in the town of Frankfort, on Monday, the 23d of this present month, to receive proposals for the making and laying of a considerable quantity of brick, and for the raising and laying of a large quantity of stone, for the said building, and the wall connected with it—the whole of the materials employed, to be of the best quality, with respect to strength and durability. They will at the same time be ready to receive proposals for the execution of such carpenter's and smith's work, as the building may require.

DANIEL WEISIGER,
JOHN LOGAN,
HARRY TOULMIN,
Frankfort, 2d July, 1798.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE just imported, and now opened for sale, a large and very general assortment of MERCHANTIZE,

Well calculated to all seasons; which they will sell on very low terms for cash.

TROTTER & SCOTT.

N. B. the subscribers have imported a large quantity of well afforded barb iron, and also have a constant supply of castings and salt.

FOR SALE,
Forty thousand acres of
LAND,
ON LICKING.

3,357, ditto in Jefferson county, on the waters of Bear Creek.

1,000 acres of a pre-emption in Shelby county, Fox's run.

400 acres adjoining the pre-emption.

1,000 acres on the Ohio, Jefferson county.

2,500 on the Ohio, Marion county.

2,000 do. do.

4,000 acres on the Beech Fork, Nelson county.

2,333 1-3 acres on Fern Creek, Jefferson county.

7,000 acres on Rough Creek, Hardin county.

4,500 acres in Madison county, on the Ohio.

4,500 acres on Green River, Lincoln county.

750 acres on Cox's Creek, Nelson county.

1,000 do. near the Kentucky river, Woodford county.

The greater part of the above lands I will sell very low for the next crop of tobacco, wheat, flour, hemp or merchandise.

SAMUEL P. DUVALL.

April 15, 1798.

Doctor Samuel Brown,
BEGS leave to inform the PUBLIC, that he will practice MEDICINE and SURGERY in LEXINGTON and its VICINITY—He occupies the house in which Mr. Love lately lived, opposite to Mr. Stewart's printing office.

He will undertake, on reasonable terms, to instruct one or two pupils, who can bring good recommendations.

September 5, 1797.

I HAVE been directed by the managers of the Lexington Lodge-lottery, to order suits to be commenced against every person in arrears for the purchase of tickets without discrimination; but think it proper to give this further notice, under the fullest confidence, that many of those indebted will prevent the managers from being forced to a measure so extremely disagreeable; and will relieve them from their present difficulties, by immediately paying to me, their respective balances due the lottery. Application is frequently made for prizes; but no money to discharge them—suits have been commenced and judgments obtained against the managers. CASI is really wanted, and it is hoped this notice will be attended to.—No further indulgence can be given. All those who have purchased tickets and are entitled to a credit on account of prizes, are requested to forward their fortunate numbers as soon as possible; that the true state of their accounts may be known.

THOS. BODLEY,
for the Managers.

TO BE SOLD FOR CASH.
A Likely Negro Woman,
WELL calculated for house business—
Cook, Washes, Sews and Knits well.
Apply to the printer hereof.

BLANK DEEDS
for sale at this Office.

Alexander Parker.

Has just received from Philadelphia, in addition to his former assortment, Sherry and Port Wines, French brandy, spirits & shrub, Hylton-skin & bone tea, Madder, White lead and Spanish whitening, Anvils, whipsaws, &c. Crowley steel, Which he will sell on moderate terms for CASH.

Lexington, June 1st, 1798.

21 JOHN JORDAN jun.

Has just arrived from Philadelphia with a large and extensive assortment of MERCHANTIZE;

Which he is now opening and will sell whole sale, on moderate terms.

Lexington, February 18th, 1798.

FOR SALE,

Several Small Tracts of very Valuable LAND, and of inconfessible TITLE, (viz):

MILITARY LANDS IN THE STATE OF TENNESSEE,

320 Acres, comprehending three tracts of 120 acres each, adjoining the southern boundaries of an addition to the town of Clarksville, of the eastern bank of the river Cumberland, with a fine spring of water in each of the said tracts.

46 town lots; and out lots, being part of 56 town lots and out lots, in the aforesaid addition to the town of Clarksville.

33 separated out lots of two acres each, being part of 55 out lots, lying on the east side of the aforesaid addition to the town of Clarksville, reserved for the accommodation of the purchasers of the town lots, during the term of 18 months from November last.

IN THE ILLINOIS GRANT, N. W. TERRITORY,

200 acres, being part of a 500 acre survey No. 126, granted to John Moore, as sergeant of artillery in the Illinois regiment, by a deed of the trustees of said grant.

LANDS LYING NEAR THE VILLAGE KALKASILAS,

In the Illinois district, now county of St. Clair, N. W. Territory, and granted to Capt. Peter Dewey, for the service of Virginia, in 1783.

1440 acres, viz. 600 & 800 acres of 120 acres & 280 in 2 grants of 200 acres joined together on the east side of the river Kalkasillas, opposite the village of the same name.

364 acres bounded on the front by the said river Kalkasillas.

3880 ditto, comprehending 10 grants in the year 1784, lying together on the west side of the river Kalkasillas, above and near the village of the same name.

365 ditto, bounded on the north by the aforesaid 10 grants.

Also one lot in the town of Kalkasillas, pleasantly situated near the bank of the river.

For further information apply to

P. D. ROBERT,
Who has for sale 450 lbs. of very good GUN POWDER.

Lexington, April 4, 1798.

2 SALES OF LOTS IN THE TOWN OF

TRANSYLVANIA;

AT the mouth of Harrod's creek, on the Ohio, about eight miles above Louisville, will take place on the premises, on the last Tuesday in July next. One third of the purchase money to be paid in hand, one third in twelve months, and the balance in two years from the day of the sale.

The town, containing two hundred acres, laid off in half acre lots, in the most elegant and commodious manner, is a beautiful situation; on the second bank of the Ohio, where a ferry is now established—about twenty-four miles from Shivelyville, and supposed to be in the most direct route from thence to Port St. Vincennes.

An extensive body of flat land, in every direction from the town, with considerable settlements—a most convenient harbor and landing for boats in the mouth of Harrod's creek, which is navigable three quarters of a mile up, in all directions—and the neighborhood, abounding with fine dimensions, and seats for water works, on one of which a mill is now erecting, within two miles—are among the advantages which attend TRANSYLVANIA, and afford the most flattering prospects of its rising rapidly into consequence.

The lots will be sold under a ground rent of a bushel and a half of wheat, yearly, to commence in two years from the date of the sales thereof.

Twenty lots, free of rent for twenty years, will be given to the first useful mechanics who shall settle on them, upon the conditions which will be made known by applying to the subscriber, or at Mr. Bradford's printing office, where the plan of the town may be seen, and further information had respecting it.

ROBERT PATERSON, Agent for the Trustees of the Transylvania Society.

N. B. A large quantity of flat land to be rented contiguous to Transylvania, under long leases.

20 FOR SALE,

ALL the Islands belonging to John Cockey Owings, in this State.—Also his share in the Iron Works—for terms apply to

B. VANPRADELLES, attorney
in fact for John Cockey Owings.

12th July, 1798.

TROTTER & SCOTT,

HAVING determined to make a full settlement of all accounts from their commencement in business in this country until the present date, earnestly request all those indebted to them, either by bond, note or book account, to come forward and make immediate payment, as the nature of their business will not admit of longer delay. They therefore hope, they shall be prevented from the disagreeable necessity of commencing suits against any.

Lexington, December 19, 1797.

TOBACCO MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber, informs his friends and the public in general, that he continues to carry on the manufacture of tobacco, in all its various branches, equal to any in this state, nearly opposite lawyer Hughes's on Main street, where he intends to have a quantity ready for sale, wholesale and retail. Those gentlemen who please to favor him with their custom may be supplied on the shortest notice. A considerable credit will be given, when purchased wholesale, by giving bond with approved security.

24 JACOB LAUDEMAN.

Lexington, Jan. 13, 1798.

Just arrived from New-Orleans,

9 JAMAICA SPIRITS;

Also a quantity of

BEST HAVANAH SUGAR,

Which will be sold on low terms—Apply to

A. HOLMES.

Lexington May 26, 1798.

Just Imported,

1000 hundred and twenty-five acres of

LAND, lying on the Main branch of Lick

creek, a branch of Rough creek, Hardin county,

about seven miles from Hardin settlement, containing 2,500 acres.

The above lands will be disposed of on mode-

rate terms; one half of the purchase money to be paid down, for the other a credit of twelve

months will be given; the purchaser giving bond with approved security. Any person in-

clined to purchase, may know the terms by applying to Capt. Robt. Craddock in Danville,

12wth JOHN W. HOLT, attorney, in fact

for THOS. HOLT.

THE subscribers have a quantity of HEMP

in town to break, for which service they will

give 7/6 per 12 lb.

DAVID DODGE, & Co.

Lexington, Jan. 31, 1798.

For Sale, 96

THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OF LAND,
ON the waters of Lick creek, containing
2,699 acres. One tract, lying on the Lick
creek, a branch of Rough creek, Hardin county,
about seven miles from Hardin settlement, con-

taining 2,500 acres.

The above lands will be disposed of on mode-

rate terms; one half of the purchase money to be paid down, for the other a credit of twelve

months will be given; the purchaser giving bond with approved security. Any person in-

clined to purchase, may know the terms by applying to Capt. Robt. Craddock in Danville,

12wth JOHN W. HOLT, attorney, in fact

for THOS. HOLT.

THE subscribers have a quantity of HEMP
in town to break, for which service they will
give 7/6 per 12 lb.

DAVID DODGE, & Co.

Lexington, Jan. 31, 1798.

FOR SALE,

FOUR hundred and twenty-five acres of
LAND, lying on the Main branch of Lick
creek, patented and surveyed in the year 1788—
the title indispensible. For terms, apply to
the subscriber, Capt. William Allen, Lexington,
12wth ROBERT BRADLEY.

JUST IMPORTED,

AND TO BE SOLD AT THE SIGN OF
ANDREW Mc CALLA'S
APOTHECARY SHOP,

Near the STRAY PEN, Lexington, a variety of
FRESH MEDICINE, PAINTS, &c.
Among which are, WOLF Bait, Gum Elastic,
Lamp Black, Nipple Glaives, Breast Pipes, Steel
Truffles, Sand Crucibles, Almonds, Tamarinds
Curran Jelly, Anchovies.

A number of which will sell much lower
than any that has hitherto been offered in this
state.

February 19, 1798.

David Humphreys,

CLOCK & WATCH-MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends
and the public in general, that he carries
on his business in all its various
branches, in Capt. Kenneth Mc'Coy's
house on Mill street, the second house
from Short street, Lexington.—Those
who please to favor him with their
custom may depend on having their
work done in the neatest and best
manner and on the shortest notice.

Just published by John Bradford, and for sale
at his office, Lexington, and at the office of
John Bradford & Son, Frankfort,

Price 15/.

EXTRACTS FROM THE REVENUE LAWS of the
UNITED STATES.

Comprehending such parts of the excise laws,
as lay laying duties on liquors for selling wine
&c.—on riding carriages—on property sold at
auction—and on stamps, as appears best calculated
for the information of such as have not an
opportunity of perusing the laws of the general
government.

Also, (Price 4/.)
A FEW COPIES OF THE
STAMP DUTIES,
Printed on thick paper, and calculated to be
fitted into a pocket book.

May 21, (Price 4/.)
STATE OF KENTUCKY,
Franklin District, to wit.

April term, 1798
John Keller, complainant,
against

James Madison and Robert Saunders de-
fendants. In CHANCERY.

THE defendant, James Madison not
having entered his appearance here-
in, agreeably to law and the rules of
this court, and it appearing by facts
not an inhabitant of this State,—upon
the motion of the counsel of the
complainant, it is ordered that the
said defendant do appear here on the
3d day of the August term next, and
answer the bill of the complainant; and
that a copy of his order be forth-
with inserted in the Kentucky Gazette,
for two months successively, at
the door of Hickman's meeting-house
immediately after divine service, and
at the front door of the State-house,
in the town of Frankfort.

A copy, tell,
WILLIS LEE, C.F.D.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.
RUN away from the subscriber, living on
David's Fork of Elkhorn, last Sunday, a negro fellow, named Mof, about five feet eight
or nine inches high, twenty-two years of age,
well made, a snarl, likely fellow, has had a cut
in the left, joint of his fingers are stiff, had
on when he was away, a wool hat, linsey short
coat, a mankin or two buttons fixed on with
pins of brass wire, linen overalls of about six
feet long, blue yarn stockings, with a little white
at the head, old shoes, with the toe of one, cap-
ped, he had reason to believe he has by some
means procured a pass.

12th July, 1798.

WILLIAM SCOTT,
12th July, 1798.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And may be had at this office,
Acts of Assembly,
passed at the last session.